

NEW VICTOR RECORDS TO-DAY

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS
S. MOUTRIE & CO.
CHATER ROAD.

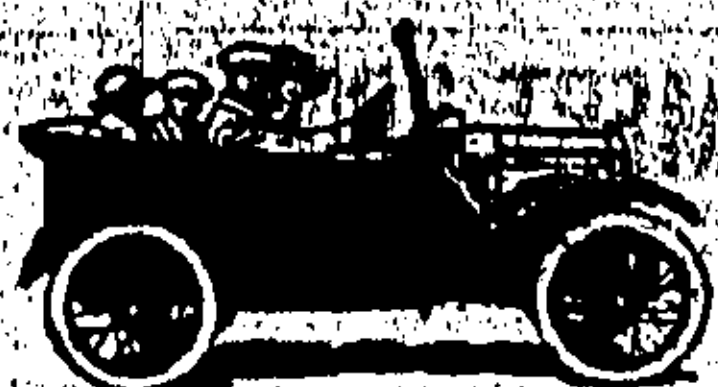
China Mail

Temperature 78 Barometer 29.75
Rainfall 0.03 in. Humidity 93

ESTABLISHED 1846

THE DOLLAR.
To-day's closing rate 2/4 11/16
To-day's opening rate 2/4 11/16

THE "AUSTIN SEVEN"



Catalogues & specifications from
ALEX. ROSS & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

No. 19,291 一拜禮 號五十九月九年四十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1924.

日七十月八年十次國中三十國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.



NEW VICTOR RECORDS TO-DAY

Sole distributors.
S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
CHATER ROAD.

Visit the new Candy Store

MODERN SODA FOUNTAIN

Iced Cold Drinks - Ice Cream

Assorted

Sweets - Biscuits - Cakes

MORINAGA CONFECTIONERY CO., LTD.

16A, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Telephone C. 4702.

THE HONGKONG GARAGE CO.

15 & 17, Queen's Road East (Opposite Daibutsu's)

NEW CARS FOR SALE & HIRE

Telephone C. 4006.

Expert Repairers, Painters and Overhaulers,
Cushion and Seat-Cover Manufacturers,
Top Builders

Prompt Service at Moderate Prices.
Tires and Accessories for Sale.

Managing Director, C. L. PUN.

J. H. TANG,
Secretary.

JUST ARRIVED

A FINE STOCK

OF

SILVER WARE

Frames, Sweet-Dishes,

Vases and Cups.

SENNET FRERE'S

PEDDER STREET

(OPPOSITE HONGKONG HOTEL)

GERMAN WAR GUILT.

STATEMENT BY HERR STRESEMANN.

DENIAL RE LEAGUE TALK

MISQUOTATION IS ALLEGED

(Reuter's Service.)

BERLIN, September 14.

Herr Stresemann, the German Premier, denies that he is responsible for the statement as regards Germany's condition for entering the League of Nations, cabled on September 13.

This message stated that an authoritative statement has been issued—emphasising that Germany cannot enter the League of Nations until the war guilt question has been solved. The Covenant will have to be altered more favourably towards Germany before she enters the League, on the Council of which she must be allocated a permanent and not an elective seat.



WAS MISQUOTED.

Herr Stresemann declares that he has been misquoted.

His view is that Germany's entry into the League must not be made conditional on recognition of her alleged responsibility for the war. The German Government holds the same views on this question as its predecessors.

MOROCCO.

INTENTIONS OF SPAIN.

REDUCING NUMBER OF POSTS.

(Reuter's Service.)

PARIS, September 14.

A message from Madrid states that the situation in the Western zone in Morocco shows improvement.

The road between Ceuta and Tetuan has been cleared of rebels.

The Military Directory does not intend to abandon Spain's rights in Morocco, but proposes merely to reduce the number of positions held.

POWERS AND CHINA.

VIEWS OF BARON HAYASHI.

INTERVENTION TOO COSTLY.

MILITARY GUARDS SUGGESTED

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 14.

Baron Gonsuke Hayashi, Ambassador to the Court of St. James, has granted an interview to the "Sunday Times" on the position in China.

The Ambassador asked how the Powers could intervene in China unless prepared to spend a lot of money, which the United States and Japan certainly were not prepared to do.

MILITARY GUARDS.

He thinks little can be done at present beyond each Power protecting the lives and property of its nationals.

He suggests the establishment of small military guards along the principal railways, either Chinese or foreign; or perhaps Chinese under an international body of officers.

TIME NOT RIPE.

It will be time for the Powers to intervene usefully and offer combined assistance when a definite decision has been reached in the struggle or when all claimants have been exhausted.

Japanese statesmen to-day, Baron Hayashi said, recognise that their predecessors made a mistake in refusing to support Yuan Shi-kai as the British were prepared to do.

Baron Hayashi testified to Chang Tso-lin's military and commercial ability.

AMERICA'S DECISION.

The diplomatic correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" says that the United States Government has decided to co-operate in the defence of American and other foreign lives and property in China. But no intervention of a forcible character is contemplated. Sanction of Congress is required for this.

WHALLEY ABBEY.

LAST HOUSE OF THE WHITE MONKS.

Some seven miles north of Blackburn, on the great road that leads through Clitheroe to Hellfield, lies the village of Whalley; and on the edge of the village lie the remains of a very large abbey, says a writer in "The Times." The Abbey of Whalley is little known compared with some of its neighbours over the Yorkshire border; but partly, perhaps, because it is less frequented by travellers, and partly because of its own peculiarly pathetic charm, it is a very pleasant place to spend a day in.

Whalley was the last of the abbeys founded in England by the Cistercians, or White Monks. In obedience to the rule laid down for them by those reformers of the Benedictines, St. Bernard and Stephen Harding, the English-born Abbot of Cîteaux, the Cistercians always chose remote and desolate spots. How much assuagement did they find from the extreme austerity of their life in the natural beauty that nearly always attends such spots? The Abbey of Whalley very likely had no such trees to look upon as those which, now make beautiful its ruins; but wooded Whalley Knap was there and the distant moors when the monks lifted up their eyes unto the hills; and the Calder must have been a clear and lovely stream when in their masterful way they diverted it, to flow close under their walls, and serve many different uses. Since their time, the river has been sent back to its old bed, but the course they took for it is still plain to see, and so, men say, is that of the canal by which they brought some of the immense quantities of brown stone for building down from Pendle Hill.

CROMWELL'S ATTACK. When the last Abbot of Whalley, Abbot Paley, had been hanged, drawn, and quartered—some say at Lancaster, some say just above the convent on Whalley Knap (his tomb, with much else of very great interest and beauty, is in Whalley Parish Church)—the Abbey passed into lay hands; and little more than a century later the owners had to defend the place against

Cromwell's men, and build a great rampart along the north side. Perhaps that is why there is no stone now standing of the Abbey church, except a minute fragment of great arch at the west end; and why the refectory and the dormer and the kitchen are clean gone. A little judicious excavation suggests the main lines of the church. It must have been very long; and, unlike most Cistercian churches, it seems to have had aisles along the nave, as well as the usual north and south transepts, to make the Latin cross, and a Lady Chapel east of the south transept. Its tower, doubtless low and plain like all true Cistercian towers, seems to have stood separate from the church, a little on the north. But still, among these green lawns, peacock-trodden, and flower-beds and fine trees, one may see the lower portions of the chapter-house, the parlour, the warming-rooms, and then the fragment of the great staircase that led up to the dormer.

The infirmary kitchen is there, in its usual place away to the south-east; and there are towers to be seen, whole or in part, the great outer gate on the west, the entrance gate on the north, the towers over the river on the south. And the cloister garth is there, chopped up by later walls, but still distinct in shape; and all along the western side of it is the maltreated shell of a very beautiful and interesting building, two storeys high, which was probably the house of the lay-brothers. The Cistercians needed many lay-brothers (there were more than 350 at Clatsvaux) to work on farm and garden; and they kept them under very severe discipline.

PLANS FOR FUTURE USE. Discipline, and the purity that grows out of discipline, stamp all that the Cistercians did, and very plainly, their building. To catch sight of the exquisite little window of the Abbot's private chapel at Whalley and then to pass on to the Abbot's lodging, remodelled by generation after generation, and containing work that of its kind is very good indeed, is to come back with relief to so much of stern grace and severe fitness as even these fragments preserve. Here, at least, there are no signs that Gothic could ever run to show of its seed; if such signs there were at Whalley, they have disappeared. All we get is a touch of a Tudor, but there are hints enough to tell

DUBLIN'S PLIGHT.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS ON STRIKE.

LONDON, July 29.—A strike of municipal workers which began in Dublin on Saturday threatens to jeopardise the success of the two chief events of the city's 1924 season—the Tailteann Games and the Horse Show.

The Games, which are the Gaelic equivalent of the Greek Olympiad, begin on Friday; and the Horse Show next week. Already a start has been made with an elaborate scheme to decorate the city.

About 2,000 men, including powerhouse, gasworks, and cleansing department employees, are on strike. The streets have not been swept since Saturday morning, and at night they are in darkness.

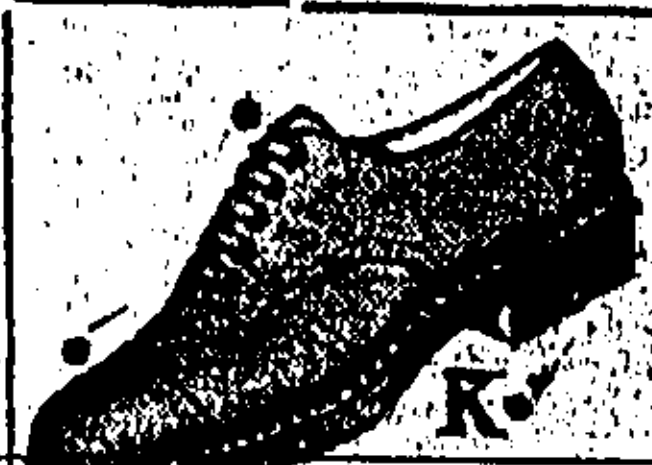
The Commissioners, who have taken the place of the dissolved Corporation, have decided to turn all the sewage into the Liffey rather than risk the almost inevitable choking of the sewers which must follow a strike at the outfalls. The Liffey has a most unsavoury reputation at the best of times, but Dubliners shudder to think of what will happen if the strike lasts more than a few days. A contemplated wages reduction was the cause of the trouble; and the men went on strike after the authorities had decided to submit the matter to arbitration. A conference will be held to-day to see if a settlement can be reached.

How strong and pure a tune it was.

The place is cared for, but empty. Before long, however, there may once more be active life where the White Monks lived and worked and prayed. The diocese of Manchester has acquired most of the grounds and ruins, and in conjunction with three other northern dioceses, intends to make a church out of part of the remains and to build a place of retreat for clergy and laity. And the house of the lay-brothers along the western end of the cloister garth has been bought by the Roman Catholics, who have begun to tidy the house, that church, it is said, a shipyard and means to make a church of it.

K Shoes

You need a pair of K crepe rubber soled shoes when you go walking. The tough crepe rubber soles which grip the sloping surfaces so surely are fastened to the welts by a special K method of attachment which never gives way.



"K" Tan willow calf (as illustration) \$23.50
Tan Calf heavy soles.
Brogan style\$23.50

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

To Work in comfort during the day and Rest in comfort during the night use

SKETOCIDE

and quickly rid the Office and Home of all MOSQUITOES, FLIES, SANDFLIES, etc., etc. SKETOCIDE kills all insects.

SKETOCIDE is pleasant in use.

SKETOCIDE is containing

SKETOCIDE is nonpoisonous.

THE PHARMACY.

Tel. C. 845.

No. 26, Queen's Road Central.

AUTUMN SUITINGS.

From the West End of London.

HEALTH BOOTS & SHOES.

Specially made for The Tai Yau Co., Ltd. by Crockett & Jones for Ladies and Gentlemen.

GREAT SALE

NOW ON:-

MA JONG SETS—ALL KINDS OF CHINESE SILK, HOSIERY, ETC., ETC.

TAI YAU CO., LTD.

244-246, Des Voeux Road C.

Tel. C. 2637.

HAWKER'S SLOE GIN PEDLAR BRAND

NEVER GO BATHING WITHOUT A BOTTLE

SOLE AGENTS:-

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

15, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. 78 Central.

NEGLIGE

SHIRTS & PYJAMAS

"NOGATCO"

SEA ISLAND COTTON FOR COMPLETE SATISFACTION.

THESE GARMENTS ARE PERFECT IN CUT AND CRAFTSMANSHIP AND IN AN EXCELLENT RANGE OF DESIGN AND COLOURINGS.

Shirts Complete with 8 Collars from \$5.50

Pyjamas Excellent Designs from \$9.50

SEE WINDOWS FOR NEW AUTUMN DISPLAYS.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

INTIMATIONS.

BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Interim Dividend of \$3.00 per share, has been declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1924.

The dividend will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 15th September, 1924, at the Offices of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be closed from MONDAY, the 8th September to SATURDAY, the 13th September, 1924, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

LI TSE FONG
Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1924.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Fifty cents (50 cents) per share on the Old Shares (Fully Paid) and Three cents (3 cents) per share on the New Shares (\$1.00 Paid) has been declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1924.

Such Interim Dividend will be payable on and after TUESDAY, the 23rd September at the Offices of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be closed from the 13th September, 1924 until the 23rd September, 1924 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 3rd September, 1924.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

TICKETS will be issued for Round Trips during the months of July to September, from Hongkong to Foochow (Pagoda Anchorage) and return, calling at Swatow and Amoy on both the upward and downward Voyage, by the Company's new, fast, well appointed steamer "Hai Ning" at the reduced rate of \$80 for the round Voyage, including Meals while the steamer is in port.

These Special Tickets will be available for return only by this steamer, either by the Voyage for which it is issued or by her following sailing from Foochow.

Duration of stay at Foochow 48 hours. The Trip occupies 8 to 9 days and the steamer will leave Hongkong from the Company's Wharf at 3 p.m. arriving at daylight on her return (Weather permitting).

The Company's Steam Launch will convey passengers from Pagoda Anchorage to Foochow City, if required.

For further particulars and dates of Sailing—

Apply to
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & CO.
General Managers.
DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LD.
Hongkong, June 17, 1924.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE FOURTH YEARLY DRAWING OF TWENTY DEBENTURES of the Hongkong Club (1920 issue—\$500 each) was held in the Club House, on MONDAY, the 8th September, 1924, when the following Debentures were drawn for redemption—

17	266	416	757
62	291	424	762
64	375	586	764
179	396	600	835
213	411	607	837

and will be payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on Tuesday, the 30th September, 1924, in exchange for surrender of same.

By Order,
T. A. ROBERTSON, Lt. Col.
Secretary.
Hongkong, 8th September, 1924.

MRS. MOTONO

ELECTRIC MASSAGE
31a, Wyndham St., 2nd Floor.

HUI HING & CO.

31a, Wyndham Street.
Tailors and Dressmakers.
Suits made to order.

INTIMATIONS.

THE CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of September, 1924, at noon for the purposes following namely:—

(a) To consider, and if thought fit, approve the draft new Articles of Association of the Company which will be submitted to the Meeting and in the event of the approval thereof, with or without modification.

(b) To consider, and if thought fit, to pass an Extraordinary Resolution to the effect:—

(1) That the new Articles already approved by this Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof, be and the same are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company to the exclusion of and in substitution for all the existing Articles thereof.

(2) That the name of the Company be changed to "China Sugar Refining Company, Limited."

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street afore-

said, on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1924, at noon for the purpose of receiving a Report of the proceedings at the above mentioned Meeting and of confirming, if thought fit, as Special Resolutions, the above mentioned Resolutions (Nos. 1 and 2).

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the said SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING to be held as aforesaid will be continued for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing the following further Resolution as an Extraordinary Resolution, namely:—

(3) That each of the existing 20,000 fully paid up shares of \$100 each constituting the Company's present Capital of \$2,000,000 be divided into four fully paid up shares of \$25 each so as to make such Capital \$2,000,000 consisting of 80,000 fully paid up shares of \$25 each.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a THIRD EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street afore-

said, on MONDAY, the 20th day of October, 1924, at noon for the purpose of receiving a Report of the proceedings at the above mentioned Meeting in so far as regards Resolution No. 3 above and of confirming, if thought fit, such Resolution as a Special Resolution.

Dated this 16th day of June, 1924.

By Order of the Board,

JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.,
General Agents.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a THIRD EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street afore-

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JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.,
General Agents.

HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES



Made to order. ROYAL & CO.
No. 1, D'Agallier Street.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

33 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS.
\$1. PREPAID.
Every additional word 4 Cents for 3 insertions.

WANTED.

LADY Anglo-Chinese Teacher wanted temporarily—part time. Apply: The Acting Headmaster, The Diocesan Boys' School.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two Godowns, or shops, in DUDELL STREET. For Particulars apply to:—H. Rutonjee & Son, 16, Queen's Road.

FOR FRENCH TUITION

Write to
G. MOUSSION
c/o "China Mail" office.

INTIMATIONS

EX-ACTIVE SERVICEMEN'S ASSOCIATION (1914-1918).

MOONLIGHT BATHING.

A LAUNCH will leave Blake Pier at 9.15 p.m. on MONDAY, September 15th, for Easna Beach and will leave the Beach at 11.30 p.m. on the return trip.

Refreshments will be available. Members Free. Friends tickets, 50 cents each, can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, 17, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 13th Sept., 1924.

NOTICE.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE reopens for MICHAELMAS TERM, MONDAY, September 15th, 1924. Boarders return on 13th instant. Entrance examination for new boys will be held on SATURDAY, September 13th, 1924, at 9 a.m. Hongkong, 10th Sept., 1924.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DICKSON, PARKER & CO., LTD., have removed to their new offices at the Bank of Canton Building, 5th Floor, 6a Des Voeux Road Central, on the 15th September, 1924.

Hongkong, 13th Sept., 1924.

The Right Treatment For Indigestion

consists in overcoming the cause of the trouble—the presence of excess acid in the stomach, which attacks its delicate lining and renders smooth, painless digestion impossible. For this purpose Bismag is unequalled for it drives away all pain sickness and flatulence the moment it enters the stomach. It does this by neutralising the acid, stopping fermentation, and soothing the inflamed tissues. Try Bismag for yourself! See how quickly the pain goes. See how much better you feel. Get some from your chemist TO-DAY. But be sure it is Bismag. Magnesia, every genuine package of which bears the oval "BISMAG" trade-mark, a little thing to look for but it's worth it, as it ensures you getting the one thing that dispels harassing stomach and bodily weakness.

Two years later he bitterly regretted the sale. For Surplice, included in that breakfast-table transaction as a yearling, won the Derby and the St. Leger in 1848.

This incident must have been particularly galling, because Surplice had been bred by Lord George himself and was out of Crucifix.

At a sale at Tattersall's, some years previously, an old mare, twenty-one years of age, with an ungainly bay foal at foot, had been exposed for sale. The prospective buyers were rather amused at the quaint appearance of the pair, and "Bentnick," who was present, had no difficulty in securing them for 54 gns.

WON ON THREE LEGS.

The foal was Crucifix, which ran in twelve races, was never beaten and won £18,287 in stakes. Her racing career ended with her great victory in the Oaks in 1849. Earlier in the year she had won the Two Thousand and the One Thousand Guineas. After the latter victory, however, it was found that her legs could hardly last another race, and that only with the utmost care would it be possible for her to run in the Oaks.

When the day of the Oaks came Crucifix was last off by two of three lengths, but won by half a length.

"That is well over," remarked Day, her trainer, as the mare came back to scale. He knew that Crucifix had really won the race on three legs.

"Bentnick," of course, had never led in a Derby winner. That was the feat which the Surplice family had then done. But he had led in the Derby in 1848, and he had won the Oaks in 1849. That was a feat which the Surplice family had then done.

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For expert tailors, call K 1005

THE INDIAN TAILORING CO.

Kowloon Hotel Building.
Civil and Military Tailors,
Ladies' Costumes and Dress Makers,
Riding Jodhpur and Polo Breeches a Speciality
Rain Coats

Perfect fit guaranteed. Workmanship the best.
Reasonable charges. Inspection cordially invited.

Abdul Karim Proprietor.

RACING ROMANCES.

It is one of the maxims of racing that all owners are equal at the fall of the flag. That is one way of emphasising the amazing chances which give to the "Sport of Kings" its perennial fascination. Another would be to say that all owners are equal at yearling sales.

True, not every owner can afford to give thousands of guineas for a yearling; but it often happens that the highly-priced and carefully-selected yearling does nothing on the race-course to justify the high hopes originally entertained of it, while another, bought for a mere song, may go from triumph to triumph.

Mistakes, of course, can be made regarding other horses than yearlings. Sometimes, indeed, years may pass before a horse's value is recognised. His breeder thought so little of Master Robert who won this year's Grand National, that this fine "chaser" was set to pull the plough when he was a three-year-old.

NOT A GOOD "SOLDIER."

Later, he was sold to the Curragh training head-quarters. Apparently, he did not make good "soldier," for he was sold for "a song" as an Army reject. Yet a few years afterwards he was good enough to win the National.

It is the same in flat-racing. Buying a horse for racing purposes is a lottery. One of the most successful of this season's two-year-olds, Diomedes, cost only 200 gns. at the Dublin horse show sales last year. Purple Shade, bought at about the same figure two years ago, was another outstanding bargain at these sales.

Another of this year's successes, Prompt, was sold by Mr. W. H. Dixon, who bred her, to his trainer, Lines, for 50 gns. She was a yearling then. When Mr. S. B. Joel bought her as a two-year-old he is said to have paid £2,000 for her.

Even this case pales before that of Pretty Girl, which Mr. Frank Curzon bought for 10 gns., and later sold at auction for around 3,000 gns. Then there was Comrade, winner of many big races, including the Grand Prix. This splendid race-horse was bought at auction for 25 gns., while the equally famous Happy Man once changed hands at 30 gns.

A TURF TRAGEDY.

In buying and selling bloodstock, as on the racecourse itself, you never can tell. Lord George Bentinck doubtless thought, when he sold his stud across the breakfast-table, at Goodwood, one morning in 1846, that the price agreed on—£10,000—was not a bad one.

Two years later he bitterly regretted the sale. For Surplice, included in that breakfast-table transaction as a yearling, won the Derby and the St. Leger in 1848.

This incident must have been particularly galling, because Surplice had been bred by Lord George himself and was out of Crucifix.

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MAIL WEEK NEWS.

ITEMS FROM FAR AND NEAR.

The Junior Naval and Military Club, 96, Piccadilly, which, like other West End clubs, has been in financial trouble recently, has been acquired by the members and will be reconstituted on a new basis as a members' club.

An employee named Gabb, of Messrs. J. Lyons and Co., Ltd., the caterers, died in Willesden General Hospital following injuries received through his arm having been caught in a bread-cutting machine at the British Empire Exhibition, Wembley.

At an inquest at Ashington (Northumberland) on John Muir Clive, 12, it was stated that he was sitting upon the edge of a cliff when he toppled over and fell 60 feet.

Mr. Frank Hodges, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, and Mr. Cook, his successor as secretary of the British Miners' Federation, are attending the 27th International Miners' Congress, which has opened at Prague.

Dr. Charles Porter, Marylebone's medical officer, referring his annual report to a visit he paid to the United States, says: "I have seen more people completely and hopelessly incriminated, at all hours of the day, than I have seen for years at home."

Walter John Garner, 25, of the 2nd Grenadier Guards, stationed at the Tower of London, was charged at Westminster Police Court with the attempted murder of his wife, Annie McMillan Garner, by cutting her throat with a razor at Lupus-street, Fimlico.

A few hours after the death of the Rev. S. Currie, 55, of Clones, while visiting Dundoran, on the Donegal coast, Ireland, a cablegram was received announcing the death of his brother, the Rev. D. Currie, of Pittsburg, U.S.A., on the same day and about the same hour.

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THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

The Sixth issue of the TELEPHONE HANDBOOK has been published in JULY, 1924.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK consists of an up-to-date, and accurate index of Telephone Subscribers, the numbers being given in sequence.

SPECIMEN PAGE.

Central—22	The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd., 5, Wyndham Street
Central—23	"China Mail" (Newspaper), 5, Wyndham Street
Central—24	The Dollar Directory Co., 5, Wyndham Street
Central—25	Telephone Handbook, 5, Wyndham Street
Central—26	"Hongkong Sunday Herald," 5, Wyndham Street
Peak—22	MacCourtney, F. D., Residence, 358, The Peak
Kowloon—22	Green Island Cabaret Co. Ltd., Canton Works, Hok-on
Central—23	Jordan, Forsyth, Grove, Aubrey, Uquhart, Lyon, Brown & Macgowan, Dr., Alexandra Buildings
Central—24	Brown, Dr. Lyon, Office, Alexandra Buildings
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Kowloon—23	Ye Fong Chan, 136, Temple Street, Yau-mati
Central—24	Tak Shun Bank, 155, Queen's Road, Central
Peak—24	Ball, A. Dyer, Residence, 154, The Peak
Kowloon—24	Dixon, H., Residence, 4, Lyceum Villas, Chatham Road

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK has met a want which, has long been felt amongst users of the Telephone, as it provides an easy means of ascertaining the name of the Subscriber without the necessity of a search through the ordinary alphabetical directory.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK costs \$1 per copy and is sold on the strict understanding that on the publication of a new one the old one will be returned to the publishers. The proviso is made in the interests of Subscribers in view of the frequent changes that take place.

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NAUGHTY CHILDREN.

To many people a child is "naughty" whenever he fails to do what is required of him by grown-ups.

It is a great mistake to judge a child by other standards than his own. He has not an adult code of morality. He knows the difference between elementary right and wrong, but has no eye for subtle differences and shades of meaning. He is only naughty when he offends against his own sense of right.

Cheerfulness, obedience, kindness—these elementary virtues we have a right to expect of the child, for he is capable of understanding their meaning and of putting them into practice. The smallest baby can be shown that grizzling does not obtain for him what he wants; the child who has faith in the reasonableness of his mother rarely fails to obey her; the jodder who has been taught from babyhood to use his toys gently will not become rough when he is four years old.

But there are things which we have no right to expect. Children are naturally active; we have no right to try to make them sit still for long periods at a time. Children are lovers of the picturesque; they should not be criticised with the intent to lie when they are "romancing."

It has been said that "Chronic good behaviour is the most deadly of all children's diseases"; and it is true that there is a "healthy naughtiness" which we should be loth to miss in the toddler of three or four. Most children have at times fits of temper and screaming, which means that they are abounding with energy, and that civilised conditions are imposing restraints which they vaguely resent. Such displays of temper are not to be deprecated. They should not occur too often, of course, and the mother should remember always that it is far more effective to ignore the child than to attempt to control him. Many children are naughty because they wish to attract attention to themselves, and mothers of such are advised to give more opportunity for game and exercise; more attention to the matter of diet and sleep.

The naughtiness of fatigue—a cross, peevish, whining naughtiness—is far more important. If attacks of grizzling come on too often, the mother should look to the child's regime to discover whether all is going as it should be. A whining child, it will be found, often has a careless mother.

One other type of naughtiness is generally recognised—the naughtiness of illness. The child does not know what is the matter with him, and he does not like his sufferings at all. This is the time when a little indulgence is permissible. The child who has not been spoiled and over-indulged will become eager over a pink blanc-mange; over a little song sung to him as he goes to sleep. To give him pleasure, without, however, pitying him over-much is the wisest course at this time, since cheerfulness is a help towards recovery.

But let the mothers of to-day put aside once and for all the old-fashioned idea of naughtiness. Let them respect the child's natural activities and bear with his shortcomings. Grown-ups must make allowance for the child's moral standard; not expect him to make allowance for theirs.

The easiest method of correcting a child is to say "Don't do that." But a diet of "Don'ts" is not very digestible. How many of us suffered in childhood's days from the everlasting "don't" of our elders?

Every sensible mother knows that a child must be checked occasionally. Some ultra-modern parents who are decidedly not sensible, profess to believe that he should never, in any circumstances, be corrected. They hold that a child comes into the world trailing

LOTTERIES.

HOME SECRETARY ON THEIR ILLEGALITY.

"The law declares that all sweepstakes are illegal, and that being so I am determined to see that it is carried out," said Mr. Arthur Henderson, the Home Secretary, recently. It is interesting, therefore, to consider how it was that "lotteries" or sweepstakes came under the ban of the law, writes C. H. B. in "The Weekly Dispatch."

The first entry in the Statute Book is an Act passed in 1697, in the reign of William the Third. This Act states in an elaborate preamble that "several evil disposed persons" had set up lotteries not only in the City of London and Westminster, but in "most of the ancient towns and places in England and the dominion of Wales." According to the Act these persons "had thereby gotten to themselves great sums of money from the children and servants of several gentlemen, traders and merchants, and from other unwary persons, to the utter ruin and impoverishment of many families."

We find, however, that in 1710, the Government of the day realized that a lottery was a good way of raising money, and by an Act of that date Queen Anne was authorized to raise £15,000 by way of a lottery, while the penalties against a private lottery were made more severe.

In 1721 George I. was allowed to raise an unlimited sum by a lottery, and again many pains and penalties were enacted against private persons who should dare to follow his Majesty's example.

In 1738 the games of "the ace of hearts, pharaoh, basset, or hazard" were declared to come under the prohibition against private lotteries. We find, however, that an exemption is granted to any person "gaming or playing" in Palaces where the King resided.

It is somewhat significant of the age to observe that special mention is made of lotteries in which the prizes included advowsons or presentations to livings!

The raising of money by State lottery continued during the reigns of the Georges, accompanied from time to time by more strenuous enactments against private gaming or lotteries, which were known in 1801 as "little goes," in distinction to those of the State, known as "great goes." While his Gracious Majesty was an authorized lottery conductor, any of his subjects who ventured to follow suit were designated "as rogues, vagabonds, and disorderly persons," whom the justices might order to be privately whipped.

In 1846 Parliament was good enough to abolish the Art Union and similar associations from the provisions of the various lottery Acts, thus making Art Union drawings the only legal hazard in existence in Great Britain.

It will be seen that the penalties against lotteries, which are now being enforced against the promoters of sweepstakes, originated in revenue protective enactments. No longer does the King raise money in that way, so the real object of the various enactments has gone.

We are told it is immoral to take a ticket for a sweepstake. It is, in fact, strange that the only place in which a sweepstake can be lawfully conducted is Buckingham Palace.

clouds of glory and wisdom; and that mothers, fathers and aunts should sit at his feet and utter notes every time "batty" leaves "gawp" and "gooloo." If they only knew, these parents are very ridiculous; and will "batty" be troubled when baby's "ow" is the clouds of glory will then turn to different kinds of clouds!

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

RUBBER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Singapore, September 12. Owing to a good demand, rubber reached its highest point for a considerable time. The local auction awarded crepe rubber 47½ cents per lb.

GERMAN DEBTS.

RATES AND BILLS.

(Reuter's Service.)

BERLIN, September 13. It is announced that in order to enable the German people to discharge the burdens of the London agreement, the Imperial Government on September 18 will reduce normal goods, livestock, coal and freight rates by ten per cent. The price of Silesia and Ruhr coal will at least be the same amount. The Reichsbank will raise its quota of discounts by ten per cent of the currency of bills of exchange at the Reichsbank. As regards ordinary trade, bills will be restored in three months. Discounting of Bank acceptances will be renewed. The banking unions will be urged to maintain normal provisions of credit through changes of rates of interest in bulk and numerous regulations regarding foreign currencies will be abolished. The turnover tax will be reduced on October 1 to two per cent company and security taxes will be reduced on October 1.

FRANCE AND U.S.

NEW SETTLEMENT PLAN.

(Reuter's American Service.)

WASHINGTON, September 13. Mr. Edward Surley, a member of the American Debt Funding Commission, recently returned from Paris, where he conferred with the French Government officials, has submitted to Mr. Mellon a plan for the settlement of the French debt to the United States, providing for payment of the debt in sixty-seven years at the rate of one hundred million dollars yearly, with interest, on condition that the United States will reinvest half the annual payments in French industrial bonds. Mr. Surley stated that French reaction to the proposal is favourable.

SHARE REPORT.

Messrs. Moxor Taylor report:—We have had a firm market during the week under review with a large business passing in most Industrials at rising prices generally. Investment stocks also continue in good demand.

The Shanghai market is quiet with little doing.

The following are the principal alterations since last week:—

Hongkong Banks:—Continue in strong demand and have come to business at \$1,210 to \$1,215.

Unions:—Close firm with buyers at \$237 and a little more would probably be paid.

Hotels:—Have again been more or less neglected and very little business has been done during the week.

Hongkong Lands:—Are firm and wanted at quotations.

Humphreys:—Are slightly easier with sellers at \$24.

Cements:—After declining to \$20½ for December, suddenly rose to \$25½ for December, but at the close are weaker with sellers at \$23½.

Kowloon Wharves:—Have firmed up during the latter part of the week and are wanted at \$214 for Settlement and \$218 for November.

Hongkong Docks:—After firmed up to \$180 buyers close rather easier at \$178.

Shanghai Docks:—Have come to business at \$18.92½.

Hongkong Ropes:—Have been the medium of a fair business and a good many shares have changed hands at \$63 Combined.

Hongkong Electric:—Are firm and are wanted at \$42½.

Hongkong Trams:—Have firmed up to a buying rate of \$44½ and \$44¾ would be paid for Settlement.

Peak Trams:—Continue in good demand with few shares offering.

China Sugars:—Are firm with buyers at \$10 cash.

China Provident:—Continue in good demand and buyers prevail at \$12 for Old and \$5½ for New.

China Lights:—Have also been the medium of a considerable business at rising prices, with buyers at \$2½ cash.

Dairy Farms:—Have also firmed up and are in more demand, at \$28 cash and \$28¼ for November.

Lans Crawfords:—Are wanted at \$104.

Steamboats:—Have edged off during the week but at the close are steadier with buyers at \$10½ to \$12 cash.

It is most annoying, as well as disagreeable, to be troubled with pains in the stomach, and there is no need of it, for one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will allay the pain. Sold everywhere.

LOCAL HOCKEY.

NEED FOR NEW GROUND.

(By "Sticks.")

The annual meeting of the Hongkong Hockey Club, was held on Friday evening in the Hongkong Cricket Club Pavilion, there being a fairly large gathering of Hockey players, which was encouraging. The presentation of the accounts, showed a credit balance with a large number of shirts and stockings in stock. (I might mention here, that any members who have not yet done so, can obtain these Club colours from Mr. Mitchell of Bradley and Co. for the small sum of \$4.)

Mr. Col. Bird, who was in the chair then read a letter from Mr. B. D. Evans, expressing his inability to attend owing to the illness of Mr. C. W. Jeffries; also stating that he did not feel able to take on the captaincy for another year—this was received with general regret by all present but the Club is fortunate enough in possessing such a fine vice-captain as Mr. Mitchell, who kindly consented to take over.

Mr. Woodward was elected vice-captain. Mr. Bower, the hon. secretary of the Club, also made known his wish not to continue. Mr. Bower's work during the past year was so successful that it was thought a great pity he should retire. Mr. Mills was then elected Hon. secretary for the coming year. At this point a proposition was passed that owing to the large increase of the Club that work of the secretary should be divided each year having an individual secretary, as it has been decided to run three teams.

Mr. Edmonds was proposed captain of the second, then came the question of the third team. Mr. Mitchell rose and asked Mr. Bower, as he was the instigator of this team, whether he would care, although not a third team player, to run this eleven. Mr. Bower said, that he would be pleased to.

After this had been settled there was still the question of grounds. Col. Bird had previously read a letter from the King's Park committee stating that owing to the still unfinished work, it was impossible to allot spaces as yet; this was borne out by all Kowloon members. It is hoped, however, that when such time comes the committee will not overlook the needs of the Hockey Club for a playing ground—as a need it certainly is.

The allotted space at Happy Valley is hopelessly out of repair and certainly unsuitable for a hockey ground, which leaves the Club wholly dependent on the generosity of our Army friends for playing fields.

After a discussion on colours it was decided that the shirts came into force with the opening of the season and that white shorts were to be worn with same.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

RESULT OF SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 7. The results in the first league and Scottish league games on Saturday were as follows:

ENGLISH LEAGUE.

Birmingham...2 Cardiff City...1

Bolton W...1 Notts C...0

Burnley...3 Blackburn...1

Leeds...3 Preston N.E...0

Liverpool...3 Manchester C...3

Newcastle U...2 Arsenal...0

Notts Forest...2 Bury...0

Sheffield U...2 Aston Villa...2

Tottenham...0 Everton...0

W. Bromwich...2 Sunderland...0

West Ham...0 Huddersfield...0

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Airdrieonians...6 St. Johnstone...4

Ayr...0 Rangers...0

Celtic...4 St. Mirren...0

Cowdenbeath...5 Morton...0

Dundee...3 Kilmarnock...1

Falkirk...2 Aberdeen...1

Hamilton...2 Queen's Park...0

Hibernians...2 Raith R...0

Partick...1 Motherwell...1

MECCA IN DANGER.

MOSLEM FANATICS.

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 13.

Following a report that the Wahabis, a fanatical Moslem sect, raided Hedjaz and captured the town of Taif, seventy miles south-east of Mecca, destroyed the tombs and massacred the population, Cairo reports that the Egyptian Minister of Public Works has received a telegram from the Superintendent of the Egyptian hostels for the poor pilgrims of Mecca, asking permission to transfer the funds to Jeddah "owing to the danger of Mecca falling into the hands of the Wahabis. It appears that practically all King Hussein's forces have been concentrated in the region of Taif, leaving only a small police force at Mecca, and it is considered improbable the tribes will rally to Hussein in the event of an attack on Mecca.

VICTIM OF MURDER?

BODY OF MAN WITH STAB-WOUNDS.

The dead body of a Chinese man was found by Detective Inspector T. Murphy, at 9 p.m. on Saturday, on Tai Po Road, near the catchwater of the new reservoir. There were five stab-wounds on the neck and chest. There seems little doubt the unfortunate man was murdered for that he had on him. At any rate, his relatives have informed the police that he had \$17 in his pocket when he left his home in Kin Sang village, New Territories. So far the police have no clue.

OBITUARY

LT. COM. A. C. NEWBOLD.

The death occurred suddenly yesterday at the Naval hospital of Lt. Com. A. C. Newbold of submarine L5.

Lt. Com. Newbold only arrived in the Colony a few weeks ago, being a passenger on the s.s. "Kaiser-Hind." A few days ago he was taken ill with cerebrospinal meningitis and died very suddenly yesterday. Commander Newbold was appointed to H.M.S. "Titanica"—and submarine L5 to carry out the duties of senior submarine officer. To Mrs. Newbold who is in the Colony, much sympathy will be extended.

WORLD THEATRE.

"THE PHANTOM HORSE-MAN."

Universal has produced a real western picture starring Jack Hoxie that is a combination of thrilling action, interesting and pictorial in "The Phantom Horseman," showing now at the World Theatre.

In one scene Hoxie took one of the greatest risks of his screen career, in a remarkable ride down a steep mountain slope, jumping his pony over a sheer bluff into a treacherous sand pit. There are outdoor shots which make the picture unforgettable. The story was written by Isadore Bernstein and filmed under the direction of Robert North Braddock. This literary and directorial combination is responsible for some of Hoxie's best pictures.

Mac's Cafeteria, the latest venture of the Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, opened this morning and was well patronised. The style and fittings were the subject of much congratulatory comment.

OIL AT MOSUL.

SHAK CRISIS LOOMS.

It is most annoying, as well as disagreeable, to be troubled with pains in the stomach, and there is no need of it, for one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will allay the pain. Sold everywhere.

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INDIAN SWARAJISTS.

Calcutta, August 17.—The All-India Conference of Swarajists met yesterday at Calcutta to discuss means to consolidate their strength as a political party, and among the visitors was Mr. W. L. Jenkins, American Consul-General for Calcutta.

Mr. C. R. Das, who presided, in the course of his opening address, entered into a lengthy defence of the Swarajya Party's work in the Legislative Councils, and stoutly denied that the Party's work savoured of responsive co-operation, maintaining that all their activities conformed to the two principles of creating an atmosphere of resistance in the people of the country with a view to securing national good and a gradual withdrawal of support from the bureaucratic Government. But principles, he added, must be applied to changing conditions and the living facts of life, and must not be treasured up for ornamental purposes.

Referring to Diarchy, Mr. Das said that it was already dead. Government knew it in their heart of hearts, although they were afraid to admit it.

Finally, he referred to Lord Olivier's statement in the House of Lords. He said that his lordship had brought a charge of bribery and corruption against the Swarajya Party, but he was not surprised at it. It was a familiar method of bureaucrats all the world over. "I congratulate myself on the charge, because I felt that I have succeeded in giving them 'knock after knock.' Bribery and corruption, indeed! Pray, who is guilty of bribery and corruption? Does not all Bengal know the people who are guilty of bribery and corruption?"

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WAR IN CHINA.

**CHAOYANGFU REPORTED TO HAVE
FALLEN INTO HANDS OF MUKDEN
FORCES.**

CHEKIANG IN WINNING VEIN.
Victories Possibly Exaggerated.

The latest news from the North. If the fall of Chaoyangfu, north-west of Peking, is true, shows that Wu Pei-fu and the troops guarding the capital may yet have their hands full to cope with the Mukden attack. If Chang Tso-lin really means business. Messages from the North indicate that the Powers intend to keep the trains running between Peking and Chinwangtao, and not give way as they did in the last struggle between Chang Tso-lin and Wu Pei-fu in 1922. Whether the Peking forces will adhere to the terms of the 1900 Treaty is another matter. There is little doubt that there are sufficient troops in Peking to keep the line open, but whether the different governments really intend to force the issue if necessary, is still open to doubt.

The Chekiang and Kiangsi forces have again been in action and the former still appears to hold the advantage.

A Mukden Victory?

(Reuter's Service.)

Shanghai, September 15. A communiqué issued from the Chekiang Headquarters states that a telegram has been received from Mukden, stating that Chang Tso-lin's forces have captured Chaoyangfu from the Chihli troops.

Situation Reviewed.

Our special correspondent writes: Reading between the lines of the cables received both by the English and Chinese Press during the week-end and after perusal of a few private messages incline to the belief that Chekiang is still winning, but not to such a large extent as claimed at first.

It would seem that the report of the capture of Ningbo was partly exaggerated, although it has been conceded by Kiangsu that a part of the town has fallen into Chekiang hands. What seems to have happened on this front is that Chekiang must have advanced rapidly at first. On entering the town, which was strongly defended and within easy reach of reinforcements, the Chekiang effort seems to have become disjoined with detachments carrying on the attack and others marking time.

In this connection, it is necessary to explain a certain phase of warfare peculiar to China. When opposing forces struggle for a town of any importance the inhabitants study the position closely and then buy off the probable losers so as to pave the way for the stronger side to win without having to reduce the place to ruins.

Something on these lines has happened at Ningbo to delay the final assault; but one side, at least, must have broken faith as the latest messages report heavy fighting outside the town. From this I take it to mean that some of the Kiangsu leaders must have decided to fight for possession and that they have been reinforced.

Get To Grips.

After an enforced respite on the eastern front, i.e., between the Yangtze River and the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, the opposing sides got to grips again on Saturday, but as the result of spasmodic efforts here and there, neither side has gained any material advantage. Kiangsu once drove a salient into the Chekiang lines but the curve has since been straightened out. Instead of the line running almost directly from North to South it now slants with the Northern end nearer Shanghai and the Southern further away from it.

A Significant Source.

Note should be made that the reports of Chang Tso-lin's advance come from his ally, the Chekiang Marshal. Even if he has entered China Proper from Manchuria and taken Chaoyangfu the success does not mean much in the way of territory as it is a good distance from the Great Wall, further still from Peking, very near to Manchuria, but nevertheless a part of Chihli territory. It is not expected that much resistance will be offered by Wu Pei-fu till Chang gets near Jehol. However, if the report is true, war on a scale greater than the campaign now being waged near Shanghai, will follow.

General War Soon.

To the south of Chekiang is the province of Fukien, which brings Ningbo nearer Hongkong and Fuchow is the capital of the province. The pro-Peking general here is reported as having moved northwards with his comparatively small army, with which to threaten the Chekiang rear.

It now only requires Dr. Sun Yat-sen to get his Northern Expedition on the march and the whole of the maritime provinces of the Flaming Republic will be actually embroiled in the war. Those inland will probably send armies to assist those with whom they prefer to side, or rather, those whom they think will win.

Chekiang On Offensive.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, September 14. Little fighting of note occurred yesterday, but the eastern or western

front till late on Saturday when Chekiang again took up the offensive after a brief lull. Such as they are, the roads are now no more than mud swamps. Transport of artillery is almost out of the question except small pieces by rail. Even the infantry battalions are hampered.

Talk of Surrender.

Communications issued by army, divisional and even brigade headquarters on both sides, claim that some of the enemy wish to surrender. Except for two regiments of Kiangsu infantry retiring from Ningbo without fighting, propaganda has brought little result.

Chekiang has announced that their armies on the Western and Eastern fronts will make an enveloping movement, the armies to move like a pair of pincers with Changchow as the first big objective. On the other, Kiangsu claim they hold their own on the western front by virtue of superior strength and communication on the Grand Canal and Taihu Lake; by keeping up pressure on the eastern front they hope to break through to Shanghai by the new of Tsingpuhsien.

Sortie That Failed.

Shanghai, September 14. On Thursday, Chekiang opened a preliminary bombardment on the south-eastern suburb of Ningbo. Kiangsu defenders made a sortie but were driven back.

Later, the leading citizens arranged a six-hour armistice on the expiry of which, the south-eastern part of Ningbo was vacated, but the Kiangsu garrison inside the town, hung on tenaciously.

Town Heavily Shelled.

By Saturday night, the exposed part of Ningbo had been shelled beyond recognition by mountain artillery of Continental make, supervised by Russian gunners. A battalion of Kiangsu defenders successfully drove back repeated onslaughts from a small height until they were greatly depleted, when the position was carried by storm.

A brigade of Kiangsu infantry is reported to have retired without fighting.

All Saturday afternoon Kiangsu reinforcements from the Kiangsu main base arrived by road, by canal and by lake. Together with the remnants of the garrison, the new arrivals counter-attacked. They dislodged some of the advanced Chekiang outposts but the battle fell away in local fighting when rain commenced to fall again at night.

Sunday Snipers Busy.

This morning the Chekiang attackers rested, but defending Kiangsu snipers were busy. Leading citizens are still trying to bring about the retirement of the Kiangsu forces.

Kiangsu brigades which previously fought at Quinsan (eastern front) are reported to be arriving at Ningbo to stem the tide. Some Chekiang infantry were swept by machine-guns while attempting to get behind Ningbo boats on Taihu Lake.

Kiangsu Retiring.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, September 14. Although Chekiang has now taken up the offensive on the front nearest Shanghai, fighting has not been so spirited as on the western front. Nevertheless, firing has been heard in Shanghai.

To begin with Chekiang nibbled away at Kiatonghsien, on the middle of the line, to straighten out a salient. An attack was also launched at Hwangtu, one end of the line and Kiangsu forces retired towards Quinsan.

Chekiang also claim to have taken a place called Luko, near Liuhu, but this is denied. The Chekiang casualties at Liuhu have been heavier than in the last few days.

Kiangsu have withdrawn men from the Shanghai-Nanking Railway but with the numbers still on that sector, are able to hold their position.

BORDER FIGHTING.

**INVASION ON KOWLOON
CANTON RAILWAY.**

CIVILIANS IN ARMS.

That the vanguard of General Chan Kwong-ming's army on the East River has attacked Ping Woo, a railway town forty miles from the New Territories border, and that a part of the Tung Kwoon district has shown open antagonism to Dr. Sun Yat-sen's government, is the purport of reports brought in last night by passengers from midway stations on the Kowloon-Canton Railway.

On Saturday it was reported that the anti-Sun bodies had launched another offensive. Yesterday news came through that the attack has as its object not so much the gaining of territory as the harassing of Canton and a practical declaration that Chan is still on the side of Wu Pei-fu and, therefore, anti-Sun. The attack has been made in spite of persistent rumours that all the olive branch business would not prove a farce this time.

In Tung Kwoon district, guerrilla warfare has been waged for some days between the Kwangsi regulars and the Merchants' Volunteers. Where the troops have committed atrocities the communities are ready to welcome the invaders if they can get there, and not a few villages have hoisted the Chan Kwong-ming banner.

Catching the Kwangsi army unaware, Chan's allies are reported to have made a hurried attack as the result of which they now threaten Ping Woo. Should this town fall, railway communication between Canton and Samchun, the border town, will be cut off.

This Morning's Capture.
Before eight o'clock this morning a detachment of anti-Sun troops deployed round Samchun, which is a railway town in Chinese Territory, (just beyond the New Territories border). They got to the hills at the back of the town and captured it from the pro-Sun garrison (consisting of Kwangsi mercenaries) without firing a shot.

This means that that part of the railway extending from the British border to 40 miles northward is now in anti-Sun hands and temporary cessation of traffic may result.

No news has come from Auting (also on the railway).

Wu As A Wit.

Shanghai, September 14. Marshal Wu Pei-fu has telegraphed President Tsao Kun that because of the lack of strict discipline among the Kiangsu troops, the possibility of their being "laughed at" by both Chinese and foreigners, and the danger to Nanking should they be defeated, he is sending a corps to be prepared for eventualities.—"Tai Kwong Po."

Tourists Beware!

(Reuter's Service.)

Peking, September 13. Tourist agencies in Peking were instructed to-day not to sell tickets beyond Shanhaikwan, which is the centre of neutral territory wherein no troops are stationed, except foreign railway guards. Hitherto through train tickets have been available and ordinary traffic resulted in an exact exchange of rolling stock. The present restriction is due to the fear that Chang Tso-lin will seize the Chihli trains.

Shots Exchanged.

Shanghai, September 14. A Chekiang communiqué states that a telegram has been received from Mukden stating that Wu Pei-fu's and Chang Tso-lin's outposts at Shanhaikwan and Hsifengkow exchanged shots, and a big engagement is expected in a day or two.

Chekiang Hits Back.

There is a perceptible easing in the Kiangsu pressure, on the Hwangtu front, as a result of Chekiang successes in the Ningbo sector. Ningbo is not yet actually captured though the Kiangsuis are evacuating the town and are falling back on Changchow.

A large number of Kiangsuis from the Hwangtu front have been sent up the line to Changchow, where they will make an effort to break the Chekiang advance and save the communications.

Rumours Only.

Peking, September 14. Official bulletins claim that the Chekiang forces at Liuhu, Kiating and Hwangtu were defeated and suffered many casualties. Owing to the lack of reinforcements they are being surrounded. The Kiangsu defeat near Ningbo is confirmed. These reports on the contrary, state that Chi Hsieh-yuan's forces have occupied a portion of Lanchow, have made prisoners of upwards of fifty, capturing arms and ammunition.

The Ninth Division, which has been recruiting at Peking for transport work since September 11, has enrolled three thousand. Generally, the situation appears to be opening, but there are no signs of early hostilities.

CAR COLLISION.

**SUIT FOR DAMAGES
TO-DAY.**

AN UNKIND LETTER.

Written allegations regarding members of the Hongkong Police Force, which Mr. C. A. S. Russ said he regarded as serious although he might have appeared to treat them humorously, were made at the Summary Court this morning before His Honour, Mr. Justice A. Dyer Ball. They were read during the hearing of a case in which the Hang Lok garage company claimed \$935 for damages to a car which they alleged were caused by the negligent driving of a Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels' chauffeur.

The claim was made in respect of a collision on July 16 between a car, owned by the plaintiff company, and one owned by the defendant company, the scene of which was the "Peak" Wan Hill (half a mile on the Shaikwan side of the Shek-O Road.)

Mr. C. A. S. Russ was for the plaintiffs and Mr. H. C. Macnamara for the defendants. The allegations concerning the police were made by a Peking lady occupant of the car owned by the defendant company; and were to the effect that the police occupants of the other car had a lot of drink with them and that they showed evidence of having freely partaken thereof.

These police witnesses denied they had had much to drink or that they took any with them. They had left Hongkong shortly after they went off duty. The allegations (which were made in a letter put in as evidence) were described by Mr. Russ as untrue and slanderous and penned by "a young lady who had lost her temper."

Cautious and Unkind.

Mr. Russ in opening said that in the car owned by the plaintiff company there were two L. Sergeants and Sergeant Mathieson; they hired the car about noon on the day in question, and left about 12.30. They were proceeding slowly towards Repulse Bay. The police officers had all finished duty and were in no hurry to reach any particular point. The other car, although let out to the American Express Company was owned by the Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels. "Express Company" accurately described the nature of the occupants of the car, remarked Mr. Russ. They had spent longer at Repulse Bay than they had intended to and they were in a great hurry to get home, so much so that they seemed to have had some excited tempers and the incident had caused a lady occupant to write a letter which could only be described as cautious and unkind.

The occupants of this (the defendant company's) car were rounding the corner of the hill in question at a particularly high speed. The road at that point was 20 feet wide and there was a gutter on each side, there being plenty of room for three cars to pass if necessary. The car occupied by the police was going round slowly in the opposite direction according to the police evidence at a speed of about 8 to ten miles an hour. It was on the left hand side of the road, but not perhaps scraping that side, and the hoover was sounded three times. The other car was in the middle of the road, did not sound its horn and accelerating to take the hill, went round at a tremendous speed. The result was that it dashed without warning into the rear wheel of the other car, smashed the mud-guard, and axle and was incapacitated from going further.

The collision was due to the excessive speed, the neglect to give warning and the swerving to the right of the defendants' car.

The three occupants of their car, said Mr. Russ, were all in. The male occupant, Dr. W. T. Councilman, and his daughter had written letters and it had been arranged between Mr. Corke (the solicitor who was originally to appear for the plaintiffs in this case) that the letters should go in as evidence of what they said. There was little complaint he (Mr. Russ) had to make regarding the first letter except as to its geographical inaccuracy, but he thought his Lordship would come to the conclusion that the remarks made in the opening were comparatively gentle, when he came to the letter written by the young lady.

The doctor's letter, said Mr. Russ, stated that the writer wished to exonerate the driver of the car in which he had been from too great an amount of blame as both drivers were to blame for taking up too much of the road. The doctor submitted a diagram of the spot at which Mr. Russ said was by no means in accordance with the map. The diagram instead of showing a gentle curve showed something like a precipice.

It does not like the second letter, it is an unkind, nasty letter, said Mr. Russ. It is written by Miss Elizabeth Councilman who was sitting in the front. It stated that neither driver sounded his horn and that the car in which the police was in was going much too fast and that

LANAO GOVERNOR.

**AMERICAN TO BE
APPOINTED.**

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Manila, September 13. Governor-General Wood has informed the President of the Senate that he will not nominate any but an American as Governor of Lanao province. He will not insist upon Livingston though he thinks he is the right man.

A SMALL FIRE.

Shortly before eleven o'clock this morning, a fire broke out in the premises of the Netherland Society (in the row of Banks buildings in Queen's Road). The fire was insignificant being caused by the fusing of electric wires. The Central Fire Station was notified, but there remained little to be done when they arrived, and they returned almost immediately.

the driver of that car was largely to blame, because he was taking up too much room and failed to turn out and make room enough for the others to pass.

"But the sting of the letter is in the following," continued Mr. Russ. "The other car was occupied by four drunken Cockneys. There were actually three in the car, all police officers. If there had been two and the young lady had seen four I should ask your Lordship to draw the obvious conclusion. As a matter of fact, I believe, comes from Manchester, and the others from Essex. The letter goes on to state that there was a lot of liquor in the car of which the police had freely partaken, when as a matter of fact there was none in the car at all."

Mr. Russ quoted other extracts from the letter in which the lady said that the police would in all probability try to put the blame of the accident on the other car and she thought that someone ought to be informed as to what exactly occurred as the police were too much under the influence of alcohol at the time. "Temper can be a more distorting factor than alcohol," remarked Mr. Russ. "I ask you to discount the obvious bias about the letter. These people were angry, as they admitted, owing to their being in a tremendous hurry."

In answer to Mr. Macnamara, Mr. Russ said that he would bring evidence as to their having admitted this. The three drunken "Cockneys" acted with kindness and consideration, said Mr. Russ, they got the others into another car and sent them home.

Regarding damages, Mr. Russ said that the amount was made up of the actual cost of repairs (\$100), the loss of 32 days' hire (\$335) and depreciation in value of the car (\$500).

Mr. Macnamara: The car is only worth \$600.

Mr. Russ: That may be, now. The chauffeur of the car which contained the police was called and said that he was driving slowly and near the gutter. The other car ran into him.

Cross-examined as to the condition of the parties in the cars, the witness said that the police were angry, and the others "turned the complexion of their face."

Cross-examined by Mr. Macnamara, the witness said that he could give no reason why the other car should have come across other than it was going too fast.

Mr. Macnamara: But would not the tendency of speed be to force the car on the outside?

Witness disagreed. Mr. Macnamara: I put it to you, that you were going much too fast and that when you tried to turn your car, you turned the front across and your back wheel slipped.

Witness: I was not going fast. Mr. James Smith, acting chief mechanical engineer to the Kowloon-Canton Railway called by the defence, gave evidence of having examined the plaintiff's car and said that he estimated the damage done at \$50 or \$60, at the outside, \$100. He did not think that it could have taken more than three days to have repaired the car. In reckoning depreciation, it was usual to take 4 or 5 per cent. of the amount spent on repairs. He thought that the value of the car was \$800 to \$900.

Mr. A. D. Allison, in whose garage the car was repaired, called for the plaintiffs, said that he had not heard of the method by which depreciation was arrived at as put forward by the last witness. The depreciation in this case would not be appreciable. The car was repaired in eight days.

One of the police gave evidence before the adjournment—L. B. P. P. said that there was any drink in the car, said that some of the occupants had had any appreciable amount, and corroborated the opening statements of Mr. Russ as to speed. (Case proceeding.)

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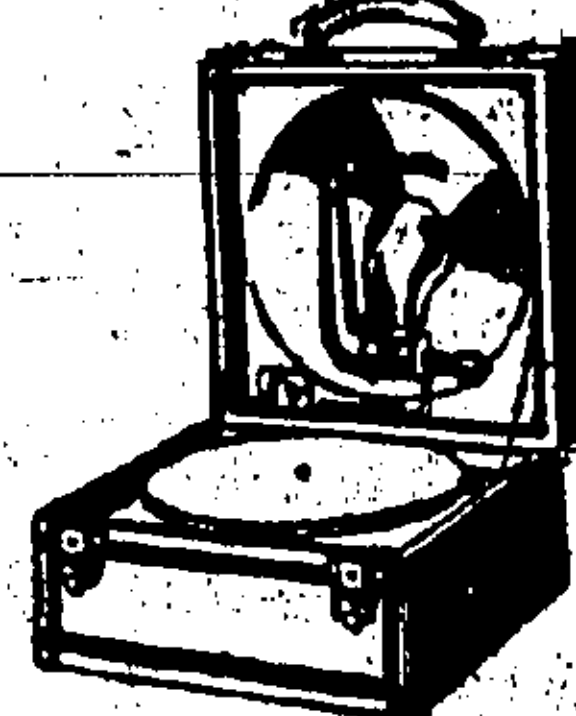
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ALTAI MARU	Tuesday, 16th September
SUMATRA MARU	Saturday, 20th September
SHUNKO MARU	Sunday, 22nd Oct.

KISHU MARU	Thursday, 2nd Oct.
YAMAGUCHI MARU	Friday, 26th Sept.
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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

SWATOW.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
19.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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28.-O. N.	Kalgan.
29.-O. N.	Kalgan.
30.-O. N.	Kalgan.

KMOY.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
19.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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28.-O. N.	Kalgan.
29.-O. N.	Kalgan.
30.-O. N.	Kalgan.

FOOCHOW.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.

SHANGHAI.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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HONOLULU.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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VICTORIA, SEATTLE, AND JAPAN.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
19.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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YALAPAISO.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
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PORTLAND.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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29.-O. N.	Kalgan.
30.-O. N.	Kalgan.

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
19.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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29.-O. N.	Kalgan.
30.-O. N.	Kalgan.

BARGELONA & VALENCIA.

Sept. 16.-D. L.	Hailong.
16.-O. N.	Kalgan.
17.-O. N.	Kalgan.
18.-O. N.	Kalgan.
19.-O. N.	Kalgan.
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U.S.R.C. AT HOME.

CLOSE TENNIS MATCH ON SATURDAY.

VICTORY FOR "REST."

In accordance with prevailing custom, the United Services Recreation Club, as winners of the first division of the Hongkong Lawn Tennis League, played a specially selected team from the rest of the League on Saturday afternoon. In honour of the occasion, the Club members were "at home" to visitors and friends, who were treated to some capital tennis. His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by his Private Secretary (Mr. Gaisford-St. Lawrence) was an interested spectator and amongst others present were Sir Claude and Lady Severn.

The team selected to meet the league winners were Messrs. Ng Sze-kwong (C.C.C.) and G. W. Sewell (H.K.C.C.); J. Hyde and E. Fincher (K.C.C.); and H. D. Rumjahn and S. H. Ismail (I.R.C.). In the earlier stages of the match they were more than good enough for the champions and at the end of the second series of games led by a comfortable margin. In the last series, however, the champions came into their own and won all three sets. Their recovery, pleasing as it was, was not sufficient to secure them a victory and they lost the match by three games out of 99. In the last three sets, the U.S.R.C. won in each case by 7-4. Incidentally, on reference to detailed scores given below, it will be noticed that the results of all the nine sets were either 7-4 for or against, which is unusual.

Lovers of tennis were pleased to see Ng Sze-kwong back on the courts, after several months absence. Ng's play showed that he has lost nothing of his bright and taking style. Play on the whole came up to expectations. For the champions Colonel Montague Bates and Major Hattersley Smith won two of their sets. The other two pairs were not so successful, losing two of the three sets. For the rest Ng and Sewell won two as did the Indians. Hyde and Fincher only secured one set.

The scores were as follows:—Col. Russell Brown and Captain Dods, lost to Ng Sze-kwong and G. W. Sewell, 4-7; beat J. Hyde and E. Fincher, 7-4; lost to H. D. Rumjahn and S. H. Ismail, 4-7 (15-18).

Commodore Grace and Lieut.-Com. R. E. Worthington, lost to Ng Sze-kwong and Sewell, 4-7; beat Rumjahn and Ismail, 7-4; lost to Hyde and Fincher, 4-7 (15-18). Col. Montague Bates and Major Hattersley Smith, beat Ng Sze-kwong and Sewell, 7-4; beat Hyde and Fincher, 7-4; lost to Rumjahn and Ismail, 4-7 (18-51).

Presentation of Trophies. At the conclusion of the tournament, the presentation of the shield to the league winners took place. Opportunity was also taken to present the trophies in the Dewar Cup competition (conferred to European Clubs in Kowloon).

Colonel Butterworth, addressing the gathering, said that the shield was presented for competition in 1909 and this was the first time it had found its way to the United Services Recreation Club. He took the opportunity of thanking the members of the winning team and made special reference to their No. 1 pair, Commodore Grace and Lieut.-Com. Worthington, who had both been playing for the Club for the last three seasons and who during that time had tried hard to bring the shield home to the Club and at last had been successful.

He went on to describe the U.S.R.C. team as a good level one. Fortunately, Captain Dods had returned to the Colony in time to take part in the struggle and together with Colonel Russell Brown they made a good pair. Colonel Montague Bates and Major Hattersley Smith were also a sound pair.

Colonel Butterworth thanked His Excellency for his visit to the Club and remarked on the great interest His Excellency took in the various sports of the Colony. He desired also to thank Mr. J. C. Fletcher, who as Hon. Secretary of the League, had done extraordinarily well in running the competition. Captain Clements was also deserving of the Club's thanks for keeping the two teams together. Before asking Mrs. Butterworth to present the shield he called on Mr. Lindsell, as Vice-President of the Lawn Tennis Association, to speak.

Mr. Lindsell, in a brief speech, referred to the regrettable absence of Dr. Forsyth. Dr. Forsyth had

Everybody Uses It. That's one great thing about Chamberlain's Cough Remedy: every one is a friend, and is glad to tell his neighbor all about it. It is certainly great for coughs and colds, for croup and any kind of cough that hits either the young or the elderly people. Sold and recommended everywhere.

BASEBALL.

REST DEFEAT S.C.A.A.

PRESENTATION OF SHIELD.

On the Hongkong Football Club Ground on Saturday afternoon, the final baseball game of the season took place, when the South China Athletic Association, winners of the Last Wah Shield, met a team selected from the other clubs which entered the competition.

The Shield winners were always playing an uphill game and finally had to acknowledge defeat by 3-1.

The Rest scored a run in the first and second inning, and when the S.C.A.A. got a man over the plate in the fourth and held their opponents through the fifth excitement became tense. The Chinese, however, failed in the sixth, whereas the Rest made the score 3-1. In the seventh the Chinese again failed and were defeated as stated.

Score By Innings.

S.C.A.A. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Rest 0 0 0 1 0 0 0

Rest 1 1 0 0 1 1 3

The line-up was:

S.C.A.A. REST.

R. Shim D. R. Proulx

S. S. Lee C. K. Miyoshi

S. S. Lee 1b. J. Hayashi

K. F. June 2b. D. Logan

P. F. Choy 3b. R. Lane

C. Chan 4s. E. Wilson

R. Hoe 5s. H. G. Burns

Y. T. Leung cf. M. Hogan

Y. K. Chu rf. J. Cruz

Shield Presented.

At the conclusion of the game, Mr. M. Wallman, Hon. Secretary of the Hongkong Baseball League, in a short speech, introduced Mr. W. Logan and asked him to present the Shield and Medals to the South China Team, who have won the League for the second year in succession. Mr. Logan said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: I wish to extend my heartiest congratulations to the South China team on its success. I have been to nearly every match and have taken a very great interest in all. I think this is only the second occasion on which the S.C.A.A. have suffered defeat, which is highly creditable. It was a most interesting game to-day. Mr. Wallman mentioned it as an exhibition match, but it was not; it was a hard fought game and if you gentlemen of South China could have won, I am sure you would have done so.

I should like also to express appreciation of the work put in by the captain of the South China team, who has shown great sportsmanship throughout the season, always accepting the umpire's decisions without complaint. Baseball is now only just coming into its own, and a great deal more interest is being taken by all nationalities. The match between the cricketers and the baseballers has helped to stimulate interest and has brought to the fore fresh blood. Two of these men played against South China to-day. Mr. Logan next congratulated Mr. Wallman, the honorary secretary of the League, on the fine work he had accomplished in the successful organisation of the Hongkong Baseball League, and hoped that he would be able to give us his valuable services in the future.

Mr. Wallman expressed regret that, as he was leaving the Colony in December, and did not expect to return, he would be unable to carry on, but he had no doubt they would be able to find someone willing to fill his place and make the League a continued success.

Mr. Logan then handed the shield to the South China captain and medals to the members of the team.

Three hearty cheers for the winners brought proceedings to an end.

been President of the Association for many years. He remarked it was Dr. Forsyth who originally presented the shield for competition.

Continuing, Mr. Lindsell congratulated the U.S.R.C. on winning the league after a keenly contested competition. For the past two years the shield had been won by the Indian Recreation Club and this year he thought it only fair to condole with them in having lost O. Rumjahn. He thanked the U.S.R.C. for their hospitality.

The shield was then presented to Commodore Grace by Mrs. Butterworth, who afterwards presented the Cup to the winner of the Dewar Tennis competition. Cups were also presented to the defeated finalist and semi-finalists in this competition. They were:

Winner—Lieut.-Com. Worthington.

First Runner-up—E. Fincher.

Second Runner-up—Lieut. Hamalowe.

Third Runner-up—Lt. Allfree.

Cheers for Mrs. Butterworth, who was the recipient of a beautiful bouquet, brought proceedings to a close.

During the afternoon, the band of the East Surrey Regiment, under the able conductorship of Bandmaster Bradshaw, played selections, which added much to the enjoyment.

LAWN BOWLS.

DIVISION I.

K.B.G.C. v. C.C.C.

Playing on their own ground Saturday afternoon in the league the Kowloon Bowling Green Club went down before Craigengower Cricket Club, the score being 76-41. Scores:—

K.B.G.C. C.C.C.

Harvey/McIntosh Munkett

McFarlane Green

Russell Bradbury

(S.) 12 (S.) 27

McLaggan Taylor

Rodrigues Rosset

Farrell Dennis

Lapsley Macfarlane

(S.) 16 (S.) 19

Nish C. Alves

McNeil Neves

Whitley Fisher

Hall Bass

(S.) 13 (S.) 30

Total 41 Total 76

C.S.C.C. v. K.C.C.

Playing at home, the Civil Service Cricket Club defeated Kowloon Cricket Club by 24 points. Scores:—

C.S.C.C. K.C.C.

Knott Overy

Murphy Conley

Gregory Hunter

Grimmett Gibson

(S.) 34 (S.) 10

Callip Abraham

Davay Purves

Massey Tucci

Allen Pile

(S.) 16 (S.) 34

Oswick Lammert

Smith Goldenburg

Knight Brawn

Mull Hyde

(S.) 32 (S.) 14

Total 82 Total 58

DIVISION II.

K.B.G.C. v. R.H.K.Y.C.

In the second division, the Kowloon Bowling Green Club entertained the members of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club, on whom they inflicted a severe defeat by 91-41. Scores:—

K.B.G.C. R.H.K.Y.C.

Pearman Adams

Cuff Dixon

Flatt Ashcroft

Wylie Edwards

(S.) 26 (S.) 17

Smith Reed

Johnstone Stock

Muir Blackburn

(S.) 25 (S.) 12

Hazel Sellars

Warren McMaster

Hunter Jamie

McKay Carpenter

(S.) 40 (S.) 12

Total 91 Total 41

K.C.C. v. I.R.C.

In the second division the Kowloon Cricket Club, playing at home, proved too strong for the representatives of the Indian Recreation Club, winning by 62-45. Scores:—

K.C.C. I.R.C.

Hoather Mada

J. Jack Bux

Labrum Espina

Davidson Hartman

(S.) 25 (S.) 15

Robson Fusan

Hove S. Ismail

Fraser Hyder

Rumsey S. E. Ismail

(S.) 20 (S.) 14

J. Jack Arculli

Heathcote Razack

Herridge Ram

Robinson D. Rumjahn

(S.) 17 (S.) 16

Total 62 Total 45

K.D.R.C. v. T.R.C.

Playing at home on Saturday, the Kowloon Dock Recreation Club defeated the Taikeo Recreation Club by 18 points. Scores:—

K.D.R.C. T.R.C.

F. Gullen G. M. McLeod

I. Hamilton C. B. Matthews

J. McKelvie W. Weir

W. M. Johnston (S.) 20 (S.) 12

G. Pancheon T. Grimes

E. Docherty T. Peterson

D. Keith M. O'Brien

S. Gray (S.) 23 (S.) 11

F. Goodman J. Mulheed

J. Ramsey J. Sloan

D. Gow J. McCubbin

(S.) 16 (S.) 16

Total 59 Total 41

LEAGUE TABLES TO DATE.

DIVISION I.

Taikeo R.C. 8 7 1 14

Craigengower C.C. 10 7 3 14

Civil Service C.C. 0 6 3 12

Kowloon C.C. 8 4 4 8

Kowloon B.G.C. 9 2 7 8

Police R.C. 10 1 9 2

SPEED AT SEA.

COURT OF APPEAL AND CHARTER-PARTY DISPUTE.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 14.—In the Court of Appeal, consisting of

Lords Justices Bankes, Scrutton and Sargant, the case of Beynon and Co., Ltd., against Suzuki and Co., was heard upon the appeal of the defendants, the owners of the steamer "Keifuku Maru" from a judgment of Mr. Justice Baillache in the Commercial Court in favour of the plaintiffs, of Cardiff, the charterers of the vessel, the case coming before the court in the form of a special case stated by the arbitrator in the arbitration between the parties.

The charterers complained that under the charter-party, dated November 22, 1919, the vessel did not prosecute her voyage with the utmost despatch, and they said that under clause 9 of the charter-party that was a breach of the owners' contract.

The arbitrator had found that in one particular the voyage was not prosecuted with the utmost despatch, and he had allowed a rebate from the hire to the charterers in respect of time lost on that particular voyage of £2,414 8s. 4d., which sum he ordered as payable by the owners to the charterers.

INSUFFICIENT STEAM.

The charterers' complaint was that the master of the vessel had failed to keep a sufficient head of steam in order to keep a speed at that which the vessel was capable of keeping. The owners, however, contended that the findings of the arbitrator must be read in conjunction with the clauses 9 and 14 of the charter-party, which said that loss or damage occasioned by certain causes should be absolutely excepted. One of the causes being negligence, default, or error of judgment of the master or crew in the navigation or management of the steamer.

Mr. Justice Baillache upheld the award of the arbitrator, but directed that there should be no costs of the hearing before him. Hence the present appeal.

Mr. R. A. Wright, K.C., and Mr. S. L. Porter (instructed by Messrs. W. and W. Stocken) appeared for the appellants, and Mr. Langton (instructed by Messrs. Downing and Handcock, of Cardiff) represented the respondents.

Mr. Porter said it was the shipowner's appeal. The matter arose on a special case stated by an arbitrator. A number of points were originally discussed, but there was only one now left to be determined. The present matter arose on two claims in the charter-party. One was the clause with which the shipowner contracted that the master of the vessel should prosecute the voyage with due despatch and the other was a clause which provided that the shipowner should not be responsible for the default, error of judgment, or negligence of the master.

For some reason the master did not drive the ship as fast as he could have done in the course of the voyage, and the result was that the charterers claimed that they were entitled to recover for time lost on the voyage. The shipowner's contention was that they were not responsible, as the loss of time was due to the default, error of judgment, or negligence of the master.

BACK TO ARBITRATOR. Mr. Langton, having addressed the Court on behalf of the respondents, Lord Justice Bankes stated that the Court was of opinion that the case must be referred back to the arbitrator for him to inform the Court whether by his findings he intended the Court to draw the inference that he had found that the master, in reference to the due prosecution of the voyage, was not competent, or was guilty of slackness only, and if of slackness, when that slackness amounted to negligence in the management or navigation of the ship.

SHOTS FOR AND AGAINST.

Taikeo R.C. 508 380 128
C.R.C. 585 527 58
Civil S.R.C. 530 518 21
Kowloon C.C. 461 490 29
Kowloon B.G.C. 480 526 37
Police R.C. 523 664 141

DIVISION II.

Kowloon D.R.C. 7 5 2 10
Taikeo R.C. 7 5 2 10
Kowloon C.C. 9 4 5 8
Kowloon B.G.C. 6 3 3 6
Indian R.C. 8 3 5 6

K.H.E. Yacht Club 7 2 5 4

R.F.K.Y.C. 357 483 116

SHOTS FOR AND AGAINST.

Taikeo R.C. 508 380 128
C.R.C. 585 527 58
Civil S.R.C. 530 518 21
Kowloon C.C. 461 490 29
Kowloon B.G.C. 480 526 37
Police R.C. 523 664 141

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GIBBONS THE CRAFTY.

TACTICS THAT BEAT BLOOMFIELD.

[By T. C. Wignall.]

London, August 16.—Between 50,000 and 60,000 persons watched the fight at Wembley between Jack Bloomfield, the light heavyweight champion of Great Britain, and Tom Gibbons, of St. Paul, United States. Although this is a record for a boxing match in Europe, it was expected by everyone connected with the affair that many more would attend and that the Stadium would be packed. The 12s. and 24s. seats were hardly patronised at all. The ring-side places were all taken and there were thousands of men and women in the 5s. and 6s. seats.

Gibbons, the winner, was so doubtful about the receipts that he is understood to have declined to take the ring until his share of the purse—£10,000—was guaranteed. That accounted for the delay of one hour before the main contest was put on.

The fight itself deserves to be remembered with the greatest in boxing history. A great and a wonderful contest—that is how I would describe it. I will always remember it for three special reasons. These:

Gibbons' extraordinary ferocity; Bloomfield's splendid courage; and Bloomfield's desperate attempt to turn the tide before he was finally knocked out.

The last reason ranks with the big things in boxing occurrences. Bloomfield had been down three times. He had taken one count of 7, another of 5, and he had also been saved by the ringing of the bell at the conclusion of the second round. When he came up for the third he was simply a wreck. His stamina had been sapped, his brain had been added, and his hopes had been destroyed. He rolled out of his corner as a derelict ship meets the buffet of an oncoming wave. His head was down, his arms and legs were lax, his mouth was open, his face was the colour of the ash on a cigar, his chest was heaving, and his eyes were dull and half-sightless.

But let it never be said again that his pluck is poor. Bloomfield, slipping down to crushing defeat, was as brave in his moment of anguish and eclipse as any I ever saw. He was as upright as a man in his state could have been as Gibbons—a human piston-rod—hammered at his body.

Then, quite suddenly, he became the loosed panther. For fifteen seconds he fought Gibbons toe-to-toe, slamming out blows with both hands, taking all that was shot in his direction, but also delivering some that the American obviously did not like. There was one in particular—a right to the chin—that made Gibbons snort and step away. But only for an instant; with the arrival of the next he jumped forward and for the second time slashed Bloomfield through the ropes.

But that fifteen seconds was worth almost all the fighting I had previously witnessed. It was so eloquent of courage and despair—at its highest.

The most notable round was the first. It had so much to do with Bloomfield's rapid defeat that it must be described in detail.

Bloomfield was as gloomy as the Dane when he entered the ring. It was plain that his temperament had got the better of him, that his nerves were tattered, that his mind was as dead as a doornail.

But he was well in command of himself when he left his corner. He boxed coolly, confidently, and with skill. Gibbons, on the other hand, boxed like a second-rater.

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Mrs. H. C. Richardson and Miss
Emma Davis, were in the great
throne which welcomed Mr. Davis
when he went to his old home at
Clarksburg, W. Va., to receive noti-
fication of his nomination.

JOHN W. DAVIS IN HOME TOWN.



Mr. John W. Davis, Democratic Presidential nominee, received a warm
greeting when he returned to Clarksburg, W. Va., his home town, to receive
the official notification of his nomination. He is shown here in a motor car
with Colonel John C. Johnson, Clarksburg's oldest citizen who, many years
ago, taught Mr. Davis the first principles of democracy.

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THIS THING OF
GETTING UP AT SIX
IN THE MORNIN' IS
GITTIN' ON MY
NERVES.

MAGGIE—HOW
ABOUT MY
BREAKFAST.

MAGGIE!
OH! MAGGIE!

CUP OF
COFFEE—AN
ORDER
OF HAM AND
EGGS.

MAKE A SET OF
YOUR WIFE
AND EAT HERE.



IS IT FAREWELL?

DR. SUN YAT-SHEN IN VALUABLE MANIFESTO?

SOLEMN PROMISES.

Previous to leaving Canton for Shikwan, on Saturday, Dr. Sun Yat-sen issued a valedictory manifesto, which the "Canton Gazette" translates as follows:

For several tens of years past, China has been encroached upon by the various Imperialist Powers, which have practically reduced her to the status of a semi-colony. As the former Manchu Government was still set upon preserving its racial predominance and its despotic rule, the Chinese people, however anxious, were unable to save themselves. Therefore, I, Sun Wen, led my comrades and by concentrating our efforts at Revolution, brought about the establishment of the Republic now in existence for 13 years.

The chief aim of the Revolution is to realise the establishment of a Government that is of the people, for the people and by the people, so that China may remain an independent State in the world. This aim is inconsistent with the policy of Imperialism as water is with fire. Therefore, Imperialism joined forces with Militarism in order to counter-attack the Revolution.

With the assistance of the Imperialist Powers, the Militarists wantonly disregard the interests of the people and callously try to destroy the Republic. Although the revolutionists have been engaged in a life-and-death struggle with these enemies, the majority of the people remained aloof and adopted the policy of unbecoming in national affairs, with the result that the revolutionists were often left alone in the fight, with no possible assistance, against great odds. It is on this account that the Revolution has not been a success for the last 13 years.

IMPORTANCE OF KWANGTUNG.

The relation of Kwangtung province with the Revolution has been an important one and its responsibilities are of the greatest. Ever since the first year of the Republic conditions in the country have been unsettled and not a day of peace has been granted the people of Kwangtung. When the Cantonese Army returned to Kwangtung in the winter of the 9th year of the Republic, there was every possible hope of realising the success of the Revolution. Unfortunately, those in command of the army were in league with the Northern Militarists and brought about the coup d'état in June of the 12th year. It was not until January of the 13th year with the assistance of the Yunnanese and Kwangsi troops, that the coup d'état was suppressed. But the defeated elements concentrated in the East River and still remain a menace. Taking advantage of this situation, Tsoo Kun and Wu Pei-fu instigated the Kiangsi troops to attack the entire territory along the North River, while at the same time, the West River region and that in the south were threatened by other enemies. The City of Canton became hemmed in on all sides. I therefore directed the various Government troops to meet the enemy attacks in every direction. Although the enemies from all sides were successfully defeated and a great calamity averted, yet on reflection, there is no denying that the people of Kwangtung have suffered immensely. On account of the frequent military operations the demands for the sinews of war became numerous.

DISAGREABLE TAXES.

In spite of strenuous efforts, the Government has been unable to raise sufficient funds to meet the necessary military needs. Hence, disagreeable miscellaneous taxes were introduced, resulting in the increase of price on all commodities and aggravating the high cost of living. As it is the duty of every citizen to take part in the Revolution, and while the people of Kwangtung alone have borne the greater part of the responsibility, it is plain that the people of Kwangtung have shared unfairly. Added to this grievance, oppression from disorderly and unthinking generals; unscrupulous officials enriching themselves under the pretext of raising money for the Government, have rendered unsafe the lives and properties of the people. Then too, the interruption of communications has rendered many cities isolated and deserted. All these are sufficient to incur the dissatisfaction of the people of Kwangtung. With all these grievances, the people of Kwangtung, especially the merchant class, gradually shown little faith in the Revolutionary Government.

PRINCIPLE AND ACTION.

Little do they realise that the Principle of the Revolution is one thing while the course of action taken by the Revolution is another. With regard to the Principle of the Revolution, the Government will not waver in its determination to carry it through. As to the course of action adopted, the Revolutionary Government will not hesitate to have it altered to conform with existing conditions.

The present condition in Kwangtung is due to the fact that the

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

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Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 27 - B.F. Calabas.	Oct. 15 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 16 - R. J. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 17 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.
Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 27 - B.F. Calabas.	Oct. 15 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 16 - R. J. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 17 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Oct. 1 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.	Sept. 23 - J.O.J.L. Tylodas.
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On London	...	...
Bar, Wire	...	3-4-1
" On demand	...	3-4-1/2
" 90 days sight	...	...
" 4 months sight	...	2-4-1
Credita, 4 months sight	...	2-4-1
Documentary 4 months sight	...	2-4-1
On demand	...	995
Credita, 4 months' sight	...	1095
On demand	...	nom.
On New York	...	...
On demand	...	854
Credita, 60 days sight	...	643
On Bombay	...	...
Wire	...	...
On demand	...	1843
On Calcutta	...	...
Wire	...	...
On demand	...	1843
On Shanghai	...	...
On demand	...	1082
On Manila	...	...
On demand	...	106
On Shanghai	...	nom.
" On demand	...	...
" 90 days sight (private paper)	...	...
On Yokohama	...	...
" On demand	...	1301
Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael)	...	48.10
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate)	...	8.43
Silver (per 100 cents)	...	34.12
HONGKONG 50 CENTS COIN		
Hongkong 50 cents sub.	...	...
" 10	...	1 1/2 d
" 5	...	2 d
" 2 1/2	...	2 d
Canton coins	...	2 d
Bar Silver in Hongkong	...	114 1/2
Chinese Copper Cash	...	10 1/2
Chinese Copper Coin	...	6 1/2
Chinese Copper Interest	...	2 p
Chinese Sub. Coin	...	264 1/2
Hongkong Sp. Coin	...	pres

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"PATROCLUS" 21st Oct. Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

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Japan	Tilwa
U.S.A. Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pros. Harrison
Canada, U.S.A. Japan, Shanghai and London	Emp. of Russia
via Canada (London 18th Aug.)	Suez and Straits
Suez and Straits	Patroclus
Saigon	Antiochus
Shanghai	Trucur
Shanghai	Rochoow

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.

Japan	Tango Maru
EUROPE via Suez (Letters and Papers London 1st Aug. and Parcel 14th Aug.)	Mores
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.	
Australia and Manila	Taiyann
Manila	Empress of Russia
	Pros. McKinley

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	THRU	TIME
Shanghai and Wuchow	Taiyann	4.30 p.m.
Manila	Pros. McKinley	5 p.m.
Kongmoon	San Nam Hol	5.45 p.m.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.

*Hobow, Tourane and Quinhon	Phranang	8.30 a.m.
Manila	Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 22nd Oct.	
Hobow, Tourane and Quinhon	Phranang	8.30 a.m.
Manila, AUSTRALIA & New Zealand via 1 Thursday Island—due Thursday Island 28th Sept. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters 9.30 a.m.		

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa		
Formosa and Amoy		
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow		
Szechuan		
Swatow and Bangkok		
Amoy		
Japan		
Saigon		
Shanghai and Japan		
Halong		

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.

Swatow	Taiyann	8.30 a.m.
Java via Batavia	Tilwa	11.30 a.m.
Shanghai	Obstang	1.30 p.m.
Kongmoon	Empress of Russia	3.30 p.m.
	San Nam Hol	5.45 p.m.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.

Fakhoi and Halphong	Limbaw	8 a.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Mores	8 p.m.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19.

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 17th Oct.		
Parole 18th Sept. 5 p.m. Registration Sept. 20th 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.		
Formosa, Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Central and South America		
*Canada & EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO—due San Francisco 19th Oct.		
Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.		
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow		
Kongmoon		

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

Manila	Yongshing	10 a.m.
Shanghai	Kancho	10 a.m.
Wuchow	Halchow	1.30 p.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Hongkong	5 p.m.
Halong and Halphong	Mingang	5 p.m.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

Swatow, Amoy and Poochow	Tango Maru	8 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A. Central & South America & EUROPE via VICTORIA, B.C.—due Victoria B.C. 18th Oct. & Europe via Siberia (Correspondence specially supervised) via Vancouver—due Vancouver B.C. 19th Oct. Registration 9.15 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.		

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25.

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A. Central & South America & EUROPE via Vancouver—due Vancouver B.C. 19th Oct. Registration 9.15 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.		
Empress of Russia		

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

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Autumn 1924.

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HONGKONG.

WEATHER REPORT.

September 15d. 11h. 03m. Pressure has increased moderately over N. E. Japan, and slightly at Shanghai. It has decreased considerably over S.W. Japan and is nearly stationary in the South. The Eastern Sea depression has deepened and is approaching Japan.

An anticyclone has formed over N. China. Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m., to-day, 0.03 inch. Total since January 1st, 85.11 inches, against an average of 77.09 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on September 16, 1924. 1.—Formosa Channel, Light, variable winds, freshening from N.E.; generally cloudy.

2.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamooks, Light, variable winds, freshening from N.E.; generally cloudy.

3.—Hongkong to Gap Rock, Light, variable winds, freshening from N.E.; generally cloudy.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan, Light, variable winds, freshening from N.E.; generally cloudy.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

SEPTEMBER 15, 1924.

Hour.	Barometer	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind
6 a.m.	30.12	77	78	W 4
9 a.m.	30.13	78	79	W 4
12 m.	30.06	78	79	W 4
3 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
6 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
9 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
12 m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
3 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
6 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4
9 p.m.	29.97	78	79	W 4

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Barometer	Thermometer	Humidity	Direction of Wind
29.78	78	78	W
29.78	78	78	W
29.78	78	78	W

Force of Wind	Force of Wind	Force of Wind
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

Force of Wind	Force of Wind	Force of Wind
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

Force of Wind	Force of Wind	Force of Wind
1	1	1
1	1	1
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Force of Wind	Force of Wind	Force of Wind
1	1	1
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Force of Wind	Force of Wind	Force of Wind
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